Investigation of a Peaked Feature in the Magnetic Susceptibility of YBa₂Cu₃O_{6,30} Samples

Giorgio Concas, Francesco Congiu, Alessandra Geddo Lehmann, and Samuele Sanna

Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Cagliari and Istituto Nazionale per la Fisica della Materia, S. P. Monserrato-Sestu km 0.700. I-09042 Monserrato (Cagliari), Italy

Reprint requests to Dr. G. C.; Fax: +39070510171, E-mail: giorgio.concas@dsf.unica.it

Reprint requests to Dr. G. C., 1 ax. +37070310171, E-man. giorgio.concas@usr.umca.it

Z. Naturforsch. **58a**, 546 – 550 (2003); received July 21, 2003

The static magnetic susceptibility of two different $YBa_2Cu_3O_{6.30}$ samples has been measured at different fields in the range 2-300~K, using a superconducting quantum interference device magnetometer; one sample has been prepared by oxygen intercalation, the other one by deintercalation. The susceptibility shows a peak near 45 K in both samples, which depends on the field and the magnetic history. The susceptibility of semiconducting and superconducting compounds, with an oxygen content $O_{6.20}$ and $O_{6.41}$, respectively, has also been investigated. The presence of the peak in the $YBa_2Cu_3O_{6.30}$ samples has been explained by the combined effect of regions with a Curie-like behaviour and superconducting regions. The origin of these regions is discussed.

Key words: High T_c Superconductors; Magnetic Susceptibility; Yttrium Barium Copper Oxides; SQUID Magnetometry.